Metal Bulletin & World Steel Dynamics Steel Success Strategies

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Ore-Based Metallics: Overview



Alberto Hassan President



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- International Iron Metallics Association
- Ore-Based Metallics
- USA Shale Gas Impact
- > Summary



IIMA - Who We Are

Producers of Merchant Pig Iron (MPI), Hot Briquetted Iron (HBI), Direct Reduced Iron (DRI) and Iron Nuggets

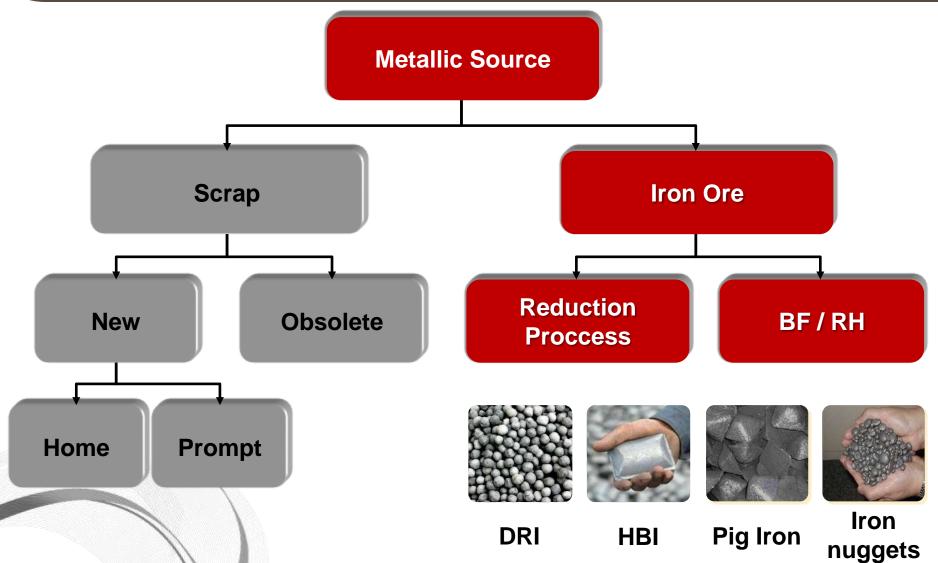




Ore-Based Metallics



Steel Production Metallics Sources





What Ore-Based Metallics Are Not

OBMs are <u>not</u> SCRAP SUBSTITUTES

What Are Ore-Based Metallics?

- DRI, HBI, iron nuggets & pig iron are ore-based metallics (OBMs), which are manufactured from iron ore
- OBMs are best used as SCRAP SUPPLEMENTS to dilute impurities in ferrous scrap in EAF steelmaking
- ➤ OBMS are PRODUCTIVITY ENHANCERS in BF ironmaking and BOF steelmaking







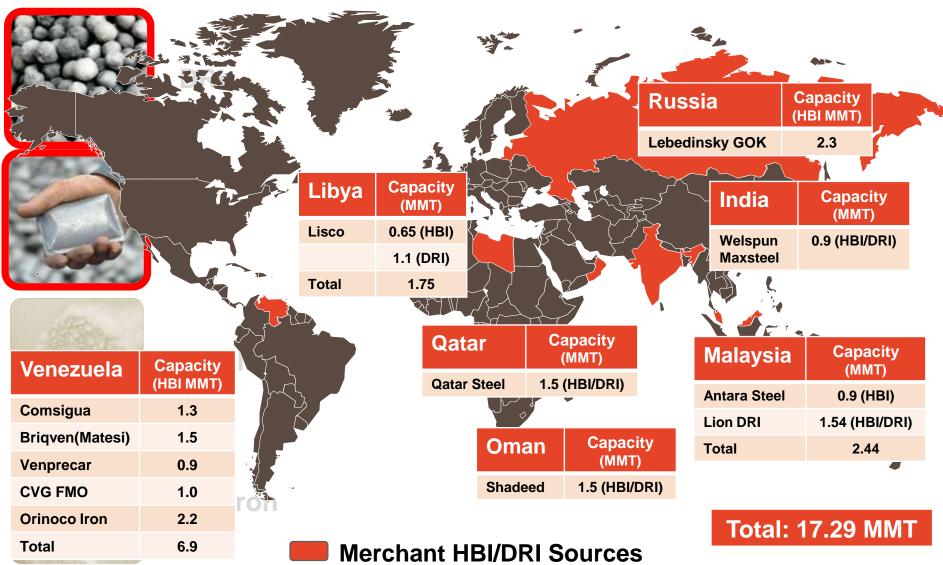


Iron Nuggets

Pig Iron

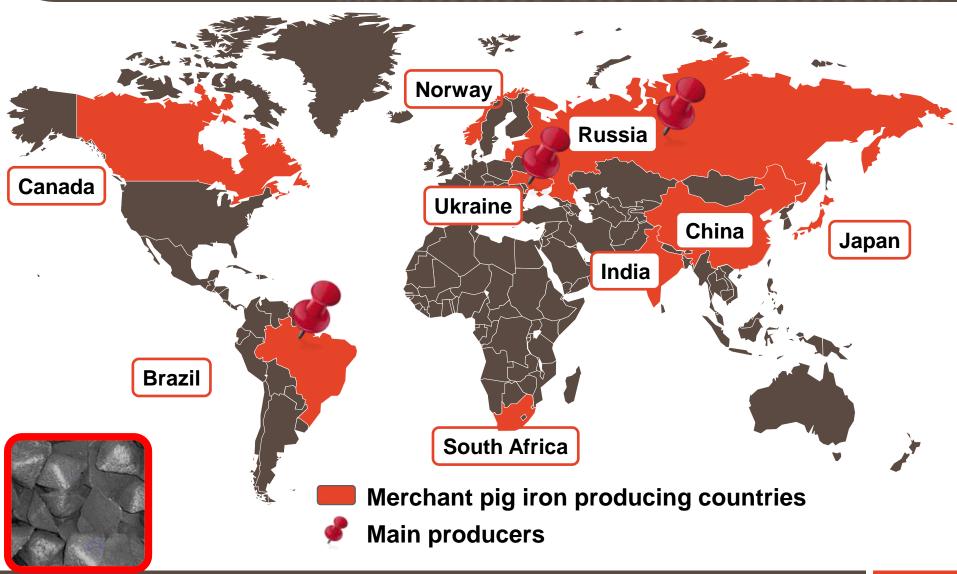


Merchant HBI/DRI Sources



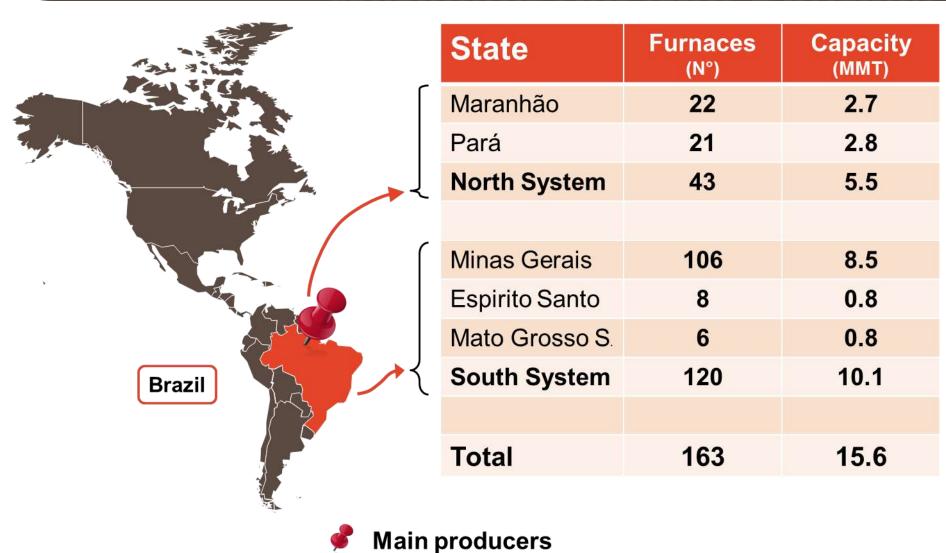


Merchant Pig Iron Sources





Merchant Pig Iron Sources





Merchant Pig Iron Sources

Place	Capacity/ Shipments (MMT)
Tulachermet	3.0
Kosaya Gora	0.7
Chusovskoy	0.6
Ural Steel	0.5
NMLK Lipetsk	0.5
Svobodny Sokol	0.8
Russia	6.1
Donetsksteel	0.6
Ukraine	0.6





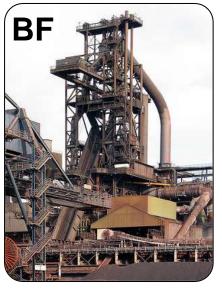
Main producers



Where OBMs Are Used

WILE ODIVIS ATE USEU







Cupola Furnace



Ladle Metallurgy





Benefits of OBMs

- Consistent quality and low residual content
- Controlled C content, consistent C recovery
- Predictable mass and heat balances
- Continuous feeding and high density feedstock
- > Application flexibility (Reduces coke rate, Metallic yield similar to hot metal)
- Dilutes impurities in scrap
- Better slag foaming
- Easier on hearth refractory & electrodes
- Year-round production
- Attractive cost structure
- Lower copper content (next slide)

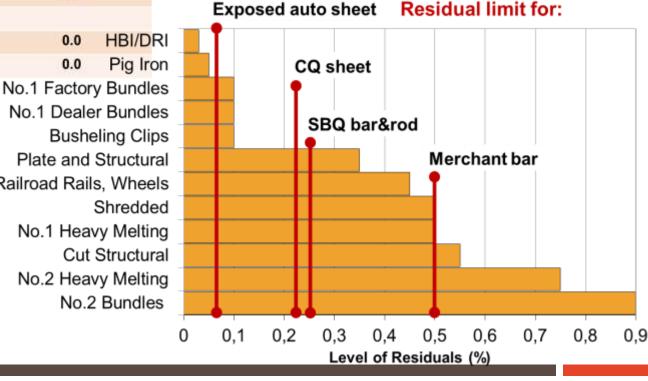


Steel Grade Specifications & **Metallic Feed Quality**

Metallics Type	Cu Content	Value Us	ed
#1 Dealer Bundles	0.1	0.1	
Bushelling	0.08 - 0.1	0.8	
#1 HMS	0.25 - 0.35 0.3		
#2 HMS	0.4 - 0.6	0.5	
#1 Shredded	0.15 - 0.2	0.17	
#2 Shredded	0.25	0.25	
P&S	0.12 - 0.2	0.15	
OBM Types			
HBI/DRI	0.002 (depends on ore)	0.0	HBI/DF
Pig Iron	0.002 (depends on ore)	0.0	Pig Iro

The inherent cost of a point (0.01 weight %) of copper in the scrap has been determined to be approx.\$2.00





Charging Mix is

Determined by Product Quality Requirements



USA – Shale Gas Impact

Shale Gas Will Fuel a U.S. Manufacturing Boom

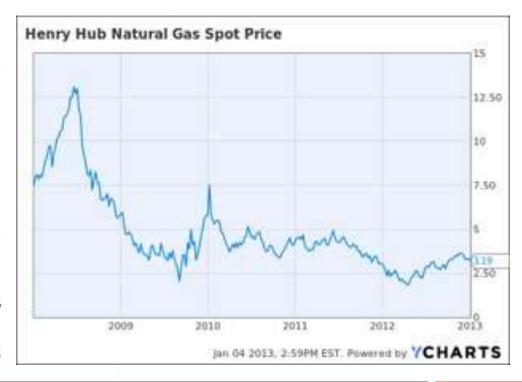
Chemical producers abandoned the U.S. in droves. Cheap natural gas is luring them back. MIT Technology Review, January 9th 2013

By Kevin Bullis on January 9, 2013



People predicting a manufacturing renaissance in the United States usually imagine whirring robots or advanced factories turning out wind turbines and solar panels. The real American edge might be in something entirely more mundane: cheap starting materials for plastic bottles and plastic bags.

The plummeting price of natural gas, which can be used to make a vast number of products, including tires, carpet, antifreeze, lubricants, cloth, and many types of plastic, is luring key industries to the United States. Just five years ago, natural gas prices were so high that some chemicals manufacturers were shutting down operations here. Now the ability to access natural gas trapped in shale rock formations, using technologies such as hydraulic fracturing and horizontal drilling, has led to a surge in natural gas supplies that have lowered American gas prices to a



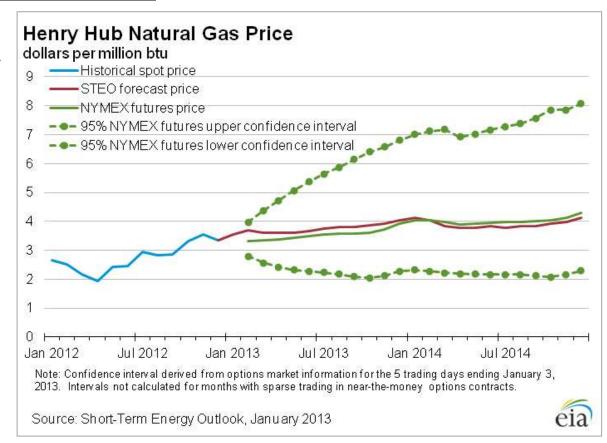
fraction of prices in other countries (see "King Natural Gas").



USA – Shale Gas Impact

Opportunities for steelmaking:

- For EAF steelmakers, higher share of electricity from natural gas
- Scope for shift in auxiliary BF fuel [typically 150-200 kg/tonne hot metal] towards natural gas
- Indirect use of natural gas in the BF through use of DRI/HBI as charge material to boost productivity



Futures contracts enable lock-in of forward gas prices - underpins viability of investment in DR capacity



USA

USA – DRI/HBI Plants



Projects: potential second and third modules at Nucor's Louisiana plant

Projects: 6-10 companies are actively considering DR plants in North America, some very seriously, with a couple of contracts possible in 6-12 months

US Steel, Severstal, Northstar BlueScope and ESSAR North America have received press mention

VoestAlpine Stahl has announced the decision to build an HBI plant in the USA



Problem or Opportunity For Merchant Scrap Supplements?

- Increased production of DRI in the USA can have a significant impact on the metallics supply chain, but is this a problem or an opportunity for merchant suppliers?
 - > Some offshore HBI and pig iron supply to the US market may well have to seek alternative markets for displaced US imports
 - > But there is scope for increased demand for scrap supplements from steel mills without captive supply and from increased steel production resulting from the development of shale gas
- ➤ In any case, offshore suppliers of pig iron offer the US steel and metal casting industries a useful hedge against higher gas prices.



Summary

- OBM Capacity
 - Significant excess Pig Iron capacity in Brazil
 - Ample latent HBI capacity in Venezuela
 - > Russia adding 1.8 MMTY of HBI capacity
- Perception of HBI value in use
- Offshore HBI and Pig Iron Producers will remain as a supply source for the US, European Market & Asian markets
- > Lack of residual copper in OBM feed stocks for the EAF does demonstrate an intrinsic value
- Steelmakers should look for opportunities to blend lower grade scrap with OBM to achieve the lowest cost/MT of liquid steel.
- Shale gas and low gas prices should boost US manufacturing and increase steel demand.

Cont..



Summary

- ➤ Lower gas prices offer the US steel industry, both the BF/BOF and EAF sectors, the opportunity to reduce costs and increase competitiveness
- ➤ There seems to be every prospect that the third wave of direct reduction plants in North America is upon us the big differentiator from the past being the ability to lock in long term gas prices
- There seems to be significant scope for rationalization of the various projects to ensure maximum efficiency and cost effectiveness across the industry
- ➤ OBMs are Not Scrap Substitutes



Thank you for your attention

Alberto Hassan

ahassan@metallics.org.uk



Attachments



Direct Reduced Iron (DRI)



DRI



HBI



Iron Nuggets



Pig Iron

Chemical Characteristics (ranges % by wt.) Based on 65.5-68% Fe iron ore

Metallization	94.0%	
Fe (Total)	86.1-93.5%	
Fe (Metallic)	81.0-87.9%	
С	1.0-4.0%	
S	0.001-0.03%	
P_2O_5	0.005-0.09%	
Gangue*	3.9-8.4%	
Mn, Cu, Ni, Cr, Mo, Sn, Pb, Zn	Traces	
Size	4.0-20.0 mm	
Apparent Density	$3.4 - 3.6 \text{ t/m}^3$	
Bulk Density	1.6 – 1.9 t/m³	

^{*}minus S, P_2O_5 & trace elements



Hot Briquetted Iron (HBI)



DRI



HBI



Iron Nuggets



Pig Iron

Chemical Characteristics (ranges % by wt.) Based on 65.5-68% Fe iron ore

Metallization	94.0%	
Fe (Total)	88.3-94.0%	
Fe (Metallic)	83.0-88.4%	
С	0.5-1.6%	
S	0.001-0.03%	
P_2O_5	0.005-0.09%	
Gangue*	3.9-8.6%	
Mn, Cu, Ni, Cr, Mo, Sn, Pb, Zn	Traces	
Size	30 x 50 x 110 mm	
Apparent Density	5.0 – 5.5 t/m ³	
Bulk Density	2.5 – 3.3 t/m ³	

*minus S, P_2O_5 & trace elements



Iron Nuggets



DRI



HBI



Iron Nuggets

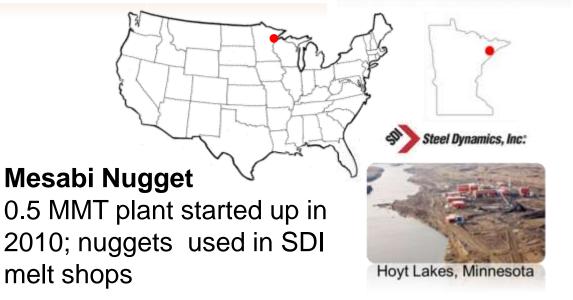


Pig Iron

Chemical Characteristics (ranges % by wt.)

Metallic iron	97.0 %
Carbon	2.5 - 3.0%
S	< 0.1%
Si, Mn, O	Depends on Ore
Size	80% 6 - 16 mm







Pig Iron



DRI



HBI



Iron Nuggets



Pig Iron

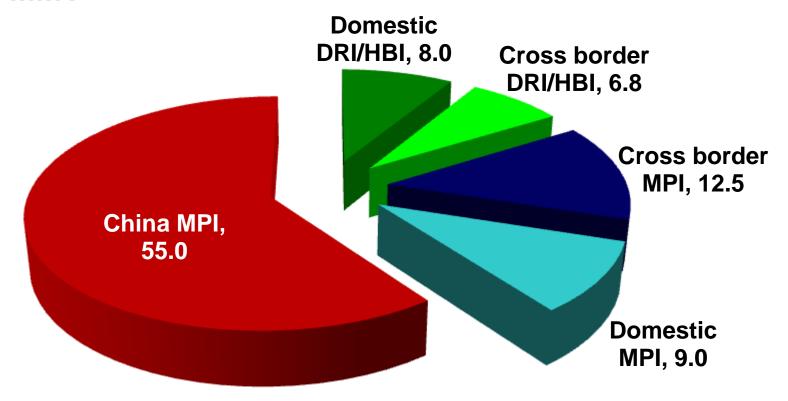
Chemical Characteristics (ranges % by wt.)

	Basic	Foundry	Nodular
Fe	94.0 - 95.0%	94.0 - 95.0%	94.0 - 95.0%
С	3.5 - 4.5 %	3.5 - 4.5 %	3.5 - 4.5 %
Si	< 1.5 %	1.5 - 3.5 %	0.05 - 2.0 %
Mn	0.5 - 1.0 %	0.5 - 1.0 %	< 0.05 %
S	< 0.05 %	< 0.05 %	0.01 %
P	< 0.12 %	< 0.12 %	< 0.02 %
Ingot Weight	3.5 - 45.0 kg	3.5 - 45.0 kg	3.5 - 45.0 kg
Bulk Density	3.7 t/m ³	3.7 t/m ³	3.7 t/m ³



Real: Metallics Trade 2011

Units: MMT



Estimates for cross border trade 2012:

Pig iron - 12 mt

DRI/HBI - 8.6 mt

Source: IIMA